Kentucky School of Alcohol and Drug Studies

Presents

15 Strategies for Engaging and Improving Recovery Rates for Chemically Dependent Clients

Presenter

Mark Sanders, LCSW, CADC



Make it easy to speak to a live person by phone

- A warm phone voice tone matters
- Learn from doctor's offices increase first session attendance by 30%

22 Engagement Strategies Continued

Remember the 4 factors that lead to client Engagement.

Mega-study "The Heroic Client"

- The Clinical Model
- Counselor hopefulness
- The therapeutic relationship
- Client factors

Client Extra-Therapeutic Factors

Success prior to the presenting problem

Individual and family resilience

- Cultural strengths and pride
- Love

Client Extra-Therapeutic Factors Continued

Employability

- A good education
- Vocational skills
- Hope for the future
- Leadership

Client Extra-Therapeutic Factors Continued



- Spirituality
- "A praying grandmother"
- Extended family orientation

Engagement Strategies

Utilize naturally therapeutic qualities

- Empathy
- Warmth
- Genuineness

Engagement Strategies Continued

Engagement in the first 5 minutes

- Voice tone
- Receptionist greeting
- Pictures
- Magazines
- Waiting Room
- Length of wait
- A tour

Joining with Adolescents

- Shoes
- Jerseys and t-shirts
- Hats
- Hand and arm tattoos
- Name
- Music
- Work
- School
- Aspirations for the future

Minimize Confrontation

Discover the Client's Uniqueness

- If you had 3 wishes, what would they be? When are you happiest?
- What do you do on Saturday afternoons?
- Who are your heroes?
- What is your favorite food?
- What kinds of things are funny to you? Do you like to tell jokes or hear jokes?
- If you agreed to work with me, what do you think is important for me to know about you in order to be most helpful?

Have a Sense of Humor

Use of Incentives



Mc Treatment



Candy



Dunkin' Donuts



Fishbowl Technique



Flat Screen Tv

Be aware of counter-transference reactions.

After counseling approaches.

Engaging mandated clients.

Connect with clients cross-culturally

When Working with Clients with Cooccurring Disorders Honor a Variety of Approaches to Recovery

Solo recovery Total abstinence Virtual recovery Temporary drug substitution Religious styles Medication assisted 12 Step recovery Shifting allegiance

"Make a contact: If this does not work..."



Offer a snack

• Avoid desks

• Explain counseling

Bonus Strategies Continued

Ask permission to give feedback

Engage in mutual treatment planning

- *Guard against burnout and compassion fatigue*
- Sound bites are more effective than long paragraphs when communicating with resistant clients

Strategies to Increase Recovery Rates

Sharpen Assessment and Treatment Skills

Process Addictions

Use Evidence Based Practices

- CBT
- 12 Step facilitation
- Family Therapy
- Integrated Dual Disorders Treatment
- Behavioral Couples Therapy

Try Not To Pack Too Much Into the Treatment Plan

Pre-contemplation

- Contemplation
- Readiness
- Action
- Maintenance

Address Trauma

In the Realm of the Hungry Ghost by Gabor Mate, M.D.

Drugs don't cause addiction any more than a deck of cards causes compulsive gambling

- There needs to be a pre-existing vulnerability
- For some people, the seeds of addiction is planted years before they use



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Diagnostic Categories



- The person has been exposed to a traumatic event
- Recurrent and intensive distressing recollections of the event
- Efforts to avoid conversations, activities, places and people that bring up memories of the event
- Difficulty falling or staying asleep, nightmares, flashbacks

PTSD vs. Complex Trauma

with complex trauma exposure to a specific traumatic even is <u>not</u> required

Complex Trauma Includes Multiple Layers and Years of Traumatic Experiences

- Neglect
- Abandonment
- Multiple placements
- Parental substance abuse
- Adult emotional unavailability
- Multiple losses
- Exposure to domestic violence
- Abuse

Most Commo	n Symptoms	of Complex
	Trauma	

- Difficulty regulating emotions
- Difficulty with impulse control
- Negative self-image (eating disorder) 62%
- Difficulty concentrating (ADHD)
- Aggression (Conduct Disorder)
- *PTSD* 12%
- Substance Abuse

10%

65%

63%

60%

56%

What About the Environment?

What is the impact of living under constant threat of trauma?

Historical Trauma

A cumulative emotional and psychological wounding over the lifespan and across generations, emanating from massive group trauma

- Brave Hart, 2000

Historical Trauma Features

- Loss of culture
- Survivor guilt
- Depression
- Traumatic stress symptoms
- Numbing
- Low self esteem

Historical Trauma Features Continued

- Historical unresolved grief
- Substance use
- Suicidal ideations
- Traumatizing others at the micro and macro levels

Sources of Adolescent Trauma

- Corporal punishment
- Witnessing domestic and community violence
- Sexual abuse
- Victim of violence
- Abandonment/ Divorce
- Bullying

Trauma Informed System of Care

A trauma informed system of care recognizes and therapeutically responds to the impact of traumatic stress on those who have contact with the system from the initial phone call, through termination and follow-up. In a trauma informed system of care every member of the service team has an awareness of their role in reducing the impact of trauma on those seeking services.

The First 5 Minutes of Contact

- A warm greeting
- Pictures on the wall
- Magazines in the waiting room
- A short wait
- An inviting waiting room
- Positive service energy

Ethics and Trauma Iaotragenic Effect

How service providers can inadvertently traumatize clients

- Heavy confrontation
- Unwelcome touch
- Not guarding against burnout and compassion fatigue

Sign of Compassion Fatigue

- Loss of energy
- Loss of hope
- Loss of idealism
- Spiritual distress
- Shift in your world view
- Depersonalization

Depersonalization

Compassion Fatigue Protective Factors

Laughter

Feelings of appreciation

• Team cohesion

• Outlets to discuss traumatic experiences

How Service Providers Can Inadvertently Traumatize Clients Continued

Paternalism

- Unhealthy boundaries
- Discharge for confirming the diagnosis
- Keeping clients in therapy too long
- Treating aftercare as an afterthought
- Dual relationships
- Sexual exploitation
- Professional desertion

Impact of trauma across the life span

Center for Disease Control and Prevention

The Adverse Childhood Study (ACE)

Research with Nearly 18,000 Adults

Discovered A Strong Correlation Between Early Childhood Trauma and Physical and Mental Illness in Adulthood

ACE Study

<u>Directions</u> – For each "yes" answer, give yourself one point. For each "no" answer, give yourself zero points.

When you were growing up in your household, before age 18, did you have any of the following experiences?

1. Often had a parent or someone else in the household who swore at you, yelled at you, and sometimes, or often, acted in a way that made you believe you might be physically hurt. ____

2. Sometimes, often, or very often, were you pushed, grabbed, slapped, or had something thrown at you, or hit so hard that you had marks or were injured?

ACE Study Continued

3. An adult or person at least five years older ever touched you or fondled you in a sexual way, had you touch their body in a sexual way, attempted oral, anal, or vaginal intercourse with you or actually had oral, anal, or vaginal intercourse with you.

4. Were you ever mad to feel unloved, unprotected, and not special in your home? _____

5. Were there times when you did not have food, clean clothes, and a place to live? If you were sick, were there times when an adult did not take care of you consistently? ____

ACE Study Continued

6. Did you ever witness your mother or stepmother get pushed, grabbed, slapped, hit, or have something thrown at her? _____

7. Was there anyone in your household who was a problem drinker, alcoholic, or who used street drugs?

- 8. Did you live with a household member who was depressed, mentally ill, or attempted suicide? ____
- 9. Were your parents ever separated or divorced?
- 10. Did you ever have a household member who went to prison? _____



"Where there is trauma in the family there is usually a conspiracy of silence. Everyone has to honor the 'no talk' rule. These Dark Secrets if internalized can lead to physical and mental health problems."

Judith Herrmann



Santa Claus

• The tooth fairy

Surprise birthday party

• How you feel about people as people

Follow-up Research on the ACE Study



2010

2009

 link between lung cancer and childhood trauma

 link between childhood trauma and premature death

• prescription drug abuse

Follow-up Studies Continued

2008

• pulmonary disease and childhood trauma



mental illness in adulthood
cigarette smoking

2006

• early alcohol and drug use



homelessness in adulthood

Follow-up Studies Continued

2004

depression in adulthood
liver disease
heart disease
teen pregnancy



illicit drug use
mental illness

Follow-up Studies Continued

2002

2001

 alcoholism and depression in adulthood

 suicide attempts and risky sexual behavior

• *HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases*

2000

Approaches to trauma treatment and recovery

Three Phases of Trauma Recovery Judith Hermann

Safety (home, community, counseling)

Remembering and mourning

Reconnection

Revisiting old hopes and dreams

Establishing new hopes and dreams

- Finding a survival mission
- Striving to reach your potential

Cognitive Behavioral Approach

Listen to the metaphors and help clients change the metaphors

- Validate the client's feelings
- Commend the client for his/her symptoms
- Help the client re-frame the symptom as survival skills
- Help the client explore the usefulness of the survival skills today
- Symptom reduction

Other Approaches to Trauma Treatment and Recovery

ARC model-experiential/community based approach

- Sanctuary Model
- EMDR
- Exposure Therapy
- Mindfulness Meditation
- Yoga Psychotherapy

Other Approaches to Trauma Treatment and Recovery Continued







Relapse Prevention for Trauma and Addiction

- Utilize the 5 senses
 - Touch
 - Sound
 - Sight
 - Taste
 - Smell

Exercise

Harris' history is full of abuse and trauma. He was born three months premature, his labor was induced by his father kicking his mother in the abdomen. This was an indication of the abuse Harris was about to suffer throughout his childhood and adolescence. At age two he had his jaw broken by his father and was regularly beaten by both parents. He learned not to reach for food during meals without his father's permission; otherwise his father would stab him in the hand with a fork...

Harris lived in a constant state of fear; his father would load his gun and tell the children they had thirty minutes to hide outside of the house and that if he found them he would shoot them. Harris' father was later imprisoned for sexually assaulting his daughter. Harris' mother died from smoking and excessive drinking. Harris later shot and killed two teenagers, he is facing the death penalty.

-What argument could Harris' attorney use to save Harris' life? What information would the attorney need to share with the court?

Help Clients Successfully Complete Treatment

Place at a level they are motivated for

- Keep clients motivated while they wait
- Provide gender specific services
- Provide services that meet the needs of youth

Help Clients Successfully Complete Treatment Continued

Evaluate the hour the services are provided

Provide an environment where a diversity of clients feel welcome

Increase Self Help Attendance

- Escorts
- Arrive early
- Set up chairs
- Volunteer to read
- Stay late
- Sponsorship
- Sober activities

Teach Social Skills

How to dress for success

Public speaking

Use successful alumni

Develop organizational health

Increase staff competence

Celebrate small victories and encourage clients to do the same

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